	Water Pollution evention Program	CONSTRUCTION SITE INSPECTION REPORT
	Inspection Date:	1a. Current weather conditions:
2.	Name of Project:	2a. Project No./Permit No
3	Project Address:	
4.	Inspection Type: ☐ Routine ☐ Permit Type: ☐ Building Permit	Follow-up ☐ Other ☐ Grading Permit ☐ Site Development ☐ CIP Project
6.		s, inspect monthly during wet season.) NOI Required:(Y/N) SWPPP dated//
Ļ	Project covered under statewide Constru	ction General Permit?(Y/N) SWPPP on site?(Y/N) ter quality)? 7.a Hillside Project? (Y/N - If Yes, inspect monthly during wet season.)
7. 8.	Project Type: Residential	Commercial/Industrial ☐ Institutional ☐ Landscaping
٠.	☐ Utility (water,sewer,	PG&E) ☐ Grading ☐ Demolition ☐ Street Improvement ☐ Other:
		Inspection Finding
9.	Erosion Control Measures:	(A / NM / P / NA)* Location on site/Comments
	Jute Netting/Fiber Blankets	
	Mulch	
	Hydroseed/Soil binder/Compost blanket	
	Mark Areas to be Preserved	
	☐ Tree Protection Fencing	
	☐ Riparian Area Barrier	
10.	Sediment Control Measures	
	Stabilized construction entrance	
	☐ Street Sweeping	
	☐ Dust Control	
	☐ Wattles / Fiber Rolls / Compost Socks	
	☐ Silt Fences / Compost Berms	
	☐ Sedimentation Basin	
	☐ Check Dams	
	☐ Inlet Filters (Gravel bags)	
	☐ Earth Dikes / Drainage Swales	
11.	Run-on and Runoff Control	
	☐ Earth Dikes / Drainage Swales	
	☐ Sampling is conducted, if required	
12.	☐ Active Treatment System (if any)	
13.	Good Site Management	
	☐ Soil Stockpiles	
	☐ Waste Systems Management	
	☐ ConstructionMaterials (wood,cement,)	
	☐ Hazardous Materials (paint,solvents)	
	☐ Petroleum Products (oil, fuel)	
	☐ Vehicle Servicing	
14.	Non-Stormwater Management	
	Concrete/Stucco washout area	
	☐ Architectural copper rinsewater	
	Other:	
* A	=Adequate, NM=needs maintenance, P=Problem(s), NA=Not Applicable
	· ·	ence of illicit discharge to storm drain/discharge point?
16.	Comments:	☐ Final C.6 Inspection
17.	Enforcement/Follow-Up Date probl	em first identified: Next follow-up inspection date:
1	Comments:	
1	Enforcement:	☐ Verbal Warning ☐ Notice of Violation ☐ Notice to Comply ☐ Stop Work ☐ Administrative Fine
18.	Resolution: Problem Fixed Ne	eed More Time (include rationale in comments) Escalate Enforcement Date resolved: / /
1	Was there rain with runoff after problem i	dentified and before resolution? ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Items corrected during inspection (see comments)
1	Comments:	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
19.	Inspector's Signature:	Date:

Inspector's Name (Print):______ Phone Number: _____

20. Name of Site Contact Person (Print) _____ Phone No. _____

Site Contact Signature ____ Job Title: ____ Date: _____

no responsible

person present.

☐ Left report copy at site.

NOTES AND DEFINITIONS OF TERMS USED IN THE CONSTRUCTION SITE INSPECTION REPORT

NOTES:

PENALTIES. Agency staff are required to verify correction of any stormwater violations within 10 business days or before the next rainfall with runoff. If a violation is not corrected within this time frame, enforcement will escalate per the Enforcement Response Plan. This may result in the jurisdiction taking one or all of the following actions: 1) Issuance of a Stop Work Notice (such that inspections on all permits will be stopped until all violation(s) have been corrected); 2) Application of fines/re-inspection fees of \$______ per day; 3) and/or Referral of the violation(s) to the Regional Water Quality Control Board. Erosion control measures, or other best management practices, in addition to those shown on the plans may be required by agency staff to ensure effective stormwater management.

Stormwater Inspection Requirement - Agency staff are required to inspect the following categories of sites at least once per month during the rainy season: sites that disturb 1 acre of land or more, Hillside Projects and High Priority Sites (see definitions below).

Construction General Permit Compliance - Projects that disturb 1 acre or more of land are required to obtain coverage under the statewide Construction General Permit (see www.swrcb.ca.gov/water_issues/programs/stormwater/constpermits.shtml for information and to download the permit). To obtain coverage under the Construction General Permit, file a Notice of Intent using the SMARTS

database, at https://smarts.waterboards.ca.gov/smarts/faces/SwSmartsLogin.xhtml.

Requirement to Verify Construction General Permit Coverage - Agency staff must verify that projects disturbing one acre or more of land have obtained coverage under the statewide Construction General Permit.

Where to Find Information on Construction BMPs - Detailed information on construction best management practices (BMPs) is available at the California Stormwater Quality Association's online Construction BMP Portal, at www.casqa.org/resources/bmp-handbooks. A subscription fee is required to access the portal. For information on access to the portal, inspectors should contact their agency's representative to the Countywide Program's New Development Subcommittee.

DEFINITIONS:

Active Treatment System - Active Treatment Systems (ATS) reduce turbidity of construction site runoff by collecting runoff in a tank and introducing chemicals through direct dosing or an electrical current to enhance flocculation, coagulation, and settling of the suspended sediment. The increased flocculation aids in sedimentation and ability to remove fine suspended sediments, thus reducing stormwater runoff turbidity and improving water quality.

Check Dam - a small barrier constructed of rock, gravel bags, sandbags, fiber rolls, or other proprietary products, placed across a constructed swale or drainage ditch. Check dams reduce the effective slope of the channel, thereby reducing scour and channel erosion by reducing flow velocity and increasing residence time within the channel, allowing sediment to settle.

High Priority Site - A site that has a steep slope or is adjacent to a creek or other water body, or a site that the agency or the Regional Water Quality Control Board (Water Board) has determined to have significant threat to water quality based on site-specific evaluation of the following additional factors: soil erosion potential or soil type, project size and type, sensitivity of receiving water bodies, proximity to receiving water bodies, non-stormwater discharge, or any other relevant factors as determined by the local agency or Water Board.

Illicit Discharge - Any discharge to a municipal storm drain system that is prohibited under local, state, or federal law, including all non-stormwater discharges not composed entirely of stormwater and discharges prohibited under the Municipal Regional Stormwater Permit (MRP).

Hillside Project - As defined in the MRP, those projects on sites disturbing 5,000 square feet or more of land area and with slopes greater than or equal to 15% (or based on the Permittee's map of hillside development areas or criteria.)