San Mateo County Litter Characterization Study Phase I Preliminary Draft Results

Litter Work Group Roundtable

Chris Sommers **EOA, Inc.**September 1, 2022



Presentation Outline

- Background & Purpose of Study
- Scope and Design
- Monitoring/Assessment Methods
- Results (Draft Do Not Cite)
- Conclusions & Recommended Next Steps



Background

Litter (Trash) Sources & Pathways





Background Stormwater as a Trash Pathway

- Trash is deposited onto impervious areas
- Runoff/wind transports trash to storm drain systems
- Stormwater transports trash through systems to local waterways
- Municipal Regional Stormwater Permit (MRP)
 - Reduce trash in stormwater by:

- 90% : July 2023

- 100% : July 2025

 Install full capture devices or reduce trash on streets/sidewalks/parking lots to consistently low levels <u>via source controls</u>





Purpose of Phase I Litter Characterization Study

- Evaluate the effectiveness of existing source controls (ordinances) in San Mateo County in reducing trash in stormwater
- Identify the types and quantities of commonly littered items in San Mateo County to inform future (expanded) source controls
 - Sets baseline (pre-ordinance)



Trash Source Control Ordinances in San Mateo County

(www.smcsustainability.org/waste-reduction/foodware)

EPS Food Service Ware

Single-use Food Service Ware

Single-use Carryout Plastic Bag

City/County	Ordinance	Ordinance	Ordinance
therton	X	X	X
elmont	X	X	X
risbane	X	X	X
Burlingame	X	X	X
lolma	X	X	X
aly City	X	X	X
ast Palo Alto	X		
oster City	X	X	X
lalf Moon Bay	X	X	X
Iillsborough	X	X	X
/lenlo Park	X		
/lillbrae	X	X	X
acifica	X	X	X
ortola Valley	X		
ledwood City	X		
an Bruno	X	X	X
an Carlos	X	X	X
an Mateo (City)	X	X	X
an Mateo (County)	X	X	X
outh San Francisco	X	X	X
Voodside	X		

Management Questions

1. Single-Use Carryout Plastic Bags and EPS Food Service Ware

- a) Extent & magnitude of items currently littered?
- b) Changes since ordinance implementation?



2. Disposable Food Service Ware

- a) What other types of disposable food service ware items are littered?
- b) What factors might affect the magnitude and/or extent of these littered items?



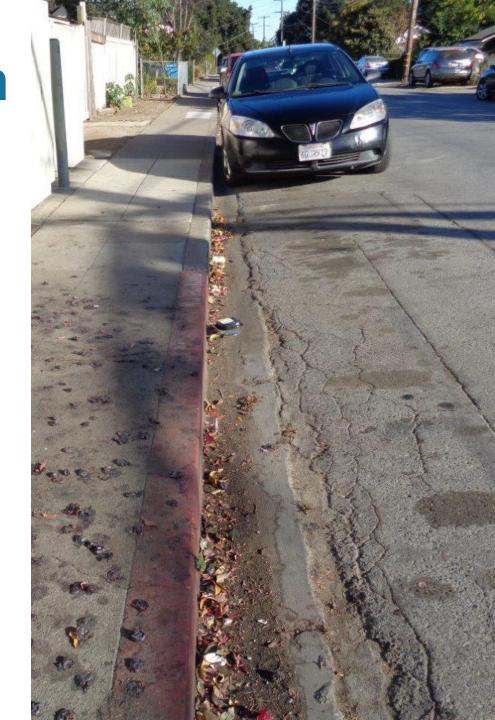


Study Scope and Design

- Site: 250-foot contiguous segment of public right-of-way
 - Streets & Sidewalks
 - Vegetated areas

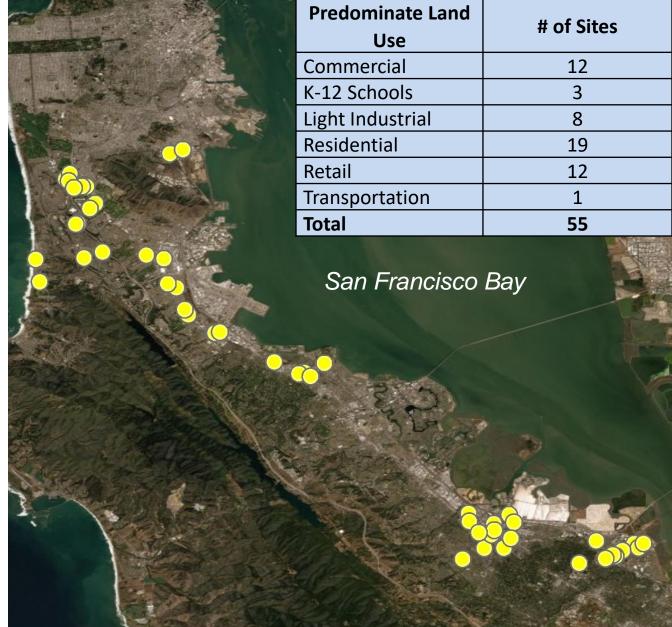
Site Selection Criteria

- Currently assessed via SMCWPPP's OVTA assessment program
- Data collected between July 2018 and November 2020
- Moderate (B) to Very High (D) OVTA scores
- Predominately drain residential, retail, or commercial land uses
- Safe to monitor/assess



Monitoring Sites

City/County	# Sites
Burlingame	1
Colma	2
Daly City	9
East Palo Alto	7
Menlo Park	2
Millbrae	5
Pacifica	3
Redwood City	11
San Bruno	2
San Mateo (City)	4
San Mateo (County)	5
South San Francisco	4
Total	55



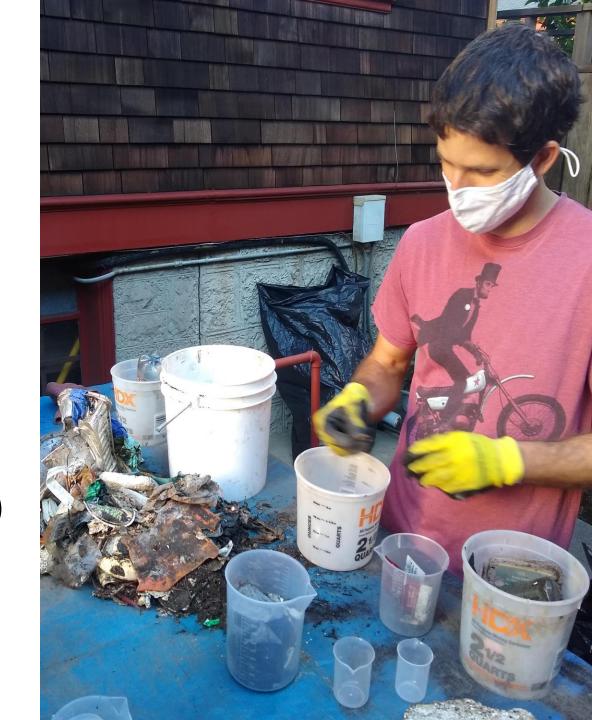
Monitoring Events & Methods

- Two events (108 total samples/assessments)
 - Wet Season (March 2021)
 - -55 sites
 - Dry Season (June 2021)
 - 53 sites due to construction and unsafe conditions
- Monitoring/Assessment Methods
 - Qualitative On-land Visual Trash Assessment (OVTA)
 - Quantitative Trash (anthropogenic items >5mm)
 collected and stored for characterization



Litter Characterization

- October 2021
 - Characterization of trash from events #1 & #2
- Trash sorted into 19 categories & volumes measured
- Items & trash type (material) counted for 13 of 19 categories
- Standardized SOPs



Category #	Trash Category/Type	Item Count	Volume		
A. Beverage	A. Beverage Containers				
1	Recyclable Beverage Containers (CRV-labeled)	X	Х		
2	Beverage Containers (non CRV-labeled or Exempted)	X	Χ		
B. Bags					
3	Single-use Carryout Plastic Bags with handles	X	X		
4	Certified Plastic Reusable Grocery Bags	X	X		
5	Plastic Bags without handles	X	X		
6	Paper Bags	X	Χ		
C. Food Serv	vice Ware				
7	Expanded Polystyrene (EPS) Food Service Ware	X	X		
8	EPS Cup & Container Lids	X	X		
9	Straws - Plastic, Paper, and Metal	X	X		
10	Natural Fiber-Based Cups with Wax/Polyethylene/Plastic Coatings	X	X		
11	Plastic Food Service Ware	X	X		
12	Non-Plastic, Compostable Food Service Ware	X	X		
13	Food Service Ware Accessories	X	Χ		
D. Tobacco/Vape-Related Products					
14	Cigarette Butts		Χ		
15	Tobacco Packaging & Wrappers		Χ		
16	Vape Packaging, Cartridges & Accessories		Χ		
E. Other Trash Types					
17	Other Plastic		X		
18	Other Paper		Χ		
19	Other Types of Trash (not plastic or paper)		Х		

Example Trash Categories



Preliminary Results

Preliminary – Do not Cite or Quote



Accumulation Period & Rainfall Between Events

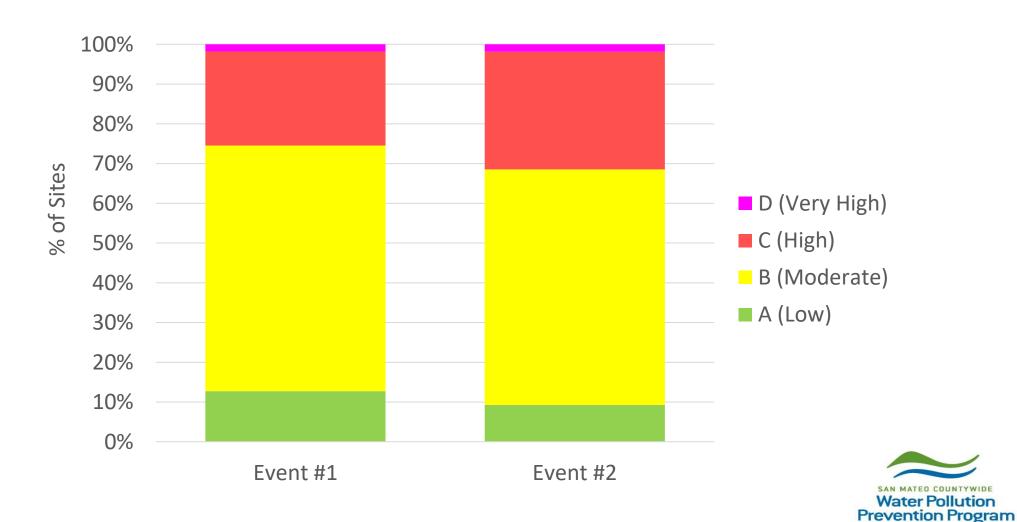
- Average accumulation period - 97 days
- No/limited loss of trash via stormwater runoff
 - Rainfall between events was negligible
 - —No days with significant rainfall*

Statistic	Accumulation Period (Days)	Precipitation (Inches)
Maximum	105	0.37
75 th %	99	0.37
Median	97	0.20
Mean	97	0.25
25 th %	92	0.19
Minimum	91	0.17



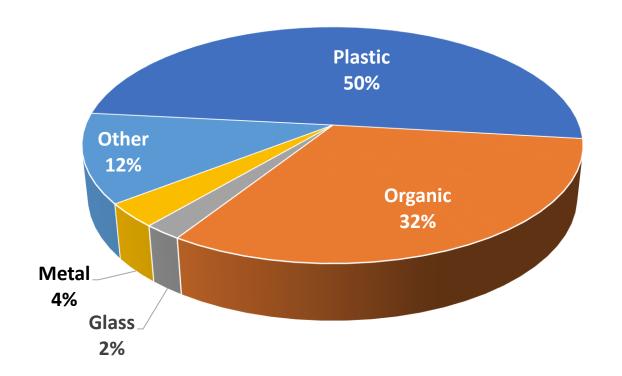
^{*} Significant rainfall is > 0.25 inches of precipitation within a 24-hour period

Qualitative On-land Visual Trash Assessment (OVTA) Scores



Quantitative Monitoring Results

- ~ 184 gallons of trash collected and characterized
- 17% less trash volume in Event #2
- Aggregate plastic volume accounted for approximately 50% of all sampled trash



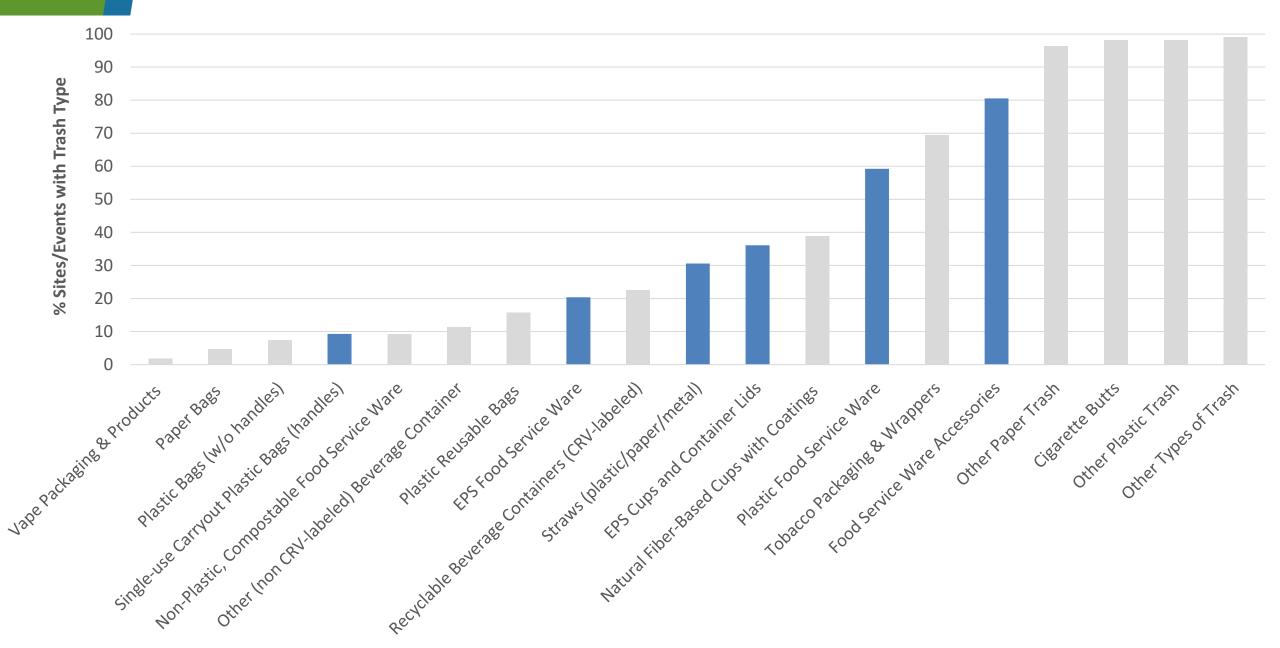


Ranking		Total (Events 1 & 2)	
(All Trash Categories)	Trash Types	Volume (gallons)	%
1	Other Plastic Trash	46.7	25.4%
2	Other Paper Trash	36.0	19.5%
3	Other Trash Types	21.8	11.8%
4	Beverage (CRV-labeled)	22.5	12.2%
5	Natural Fiber-Based Cups with Coatings	12.6	6.8%
6	Plastic Food Service Ware	11.1	6.0%
7	Food Service Ware Accessories	7.9	4.3%
8	Beverage (non CRV-labeled)	5.8	3.1%
9	EPS Cups and Container Lids	4.8	2.6%
10	Cigarette Butts	3.0	1.6%
11	Tobacco Packaging	2.7	1.5%
12	Single-use Carryout Plastic Bags (with handles)	2.0	1.1%
13	Plastic Reusable Bags	1.9	1.0%
14	EPS Food Service Ware	1.8	1.0%
15	Paper Bags	0.8	0.4%
16	Straws	0.8	0.4%
17	Non-Plastic, Compostable Food Service Ware	0.8	0.4%
18	Plastic Bags (w/o handles)	1.5	0.8%
19	Vape Products	0.1	0.0%
	Total	184.3	

Categories Impacted by Trash Source Control Ordinances

Ranking	Trash Types	% of Total		
Single-use P	Single-use Plastic Grocery Bags			
12	Single-use Carryout Plastic Bags (with handles)			
EPS Takeout	EPS Takeout Food Service Ware			
9	EPS Cups and Container Lids	2.6%		
14	EPS Food Service Ware	1.0%		
	Total	3.6%		
Disposable I	Disposable Plastic Food Service Ware			
6	Plastic Food Service Ware	6.0%		
7	Food Service Ware Accessories	4.3%		
16	Straws	0.4%		
	Total	10.7%		

Trash Prevalence (Present at Site/Event?)



Conclusions

1. Single-Use Carryout Plastic Bags and EPS Food Service Ware

- a) Extent & magnitude of items littered?
 - a) EPS Food Service Ware 3.6% of all trash (by volume)
 - b) Single-Use Plastic Grocery Bags 1.1% of all trash (by volume)
- b) Changes since ordinance implementation?

Ordinance	Pre-Ordinance (storm drain)	Post-Ordinance (street/sidewalk)
Single-use Carryout Plastic Bags	8%	1.1%
EPS Food Service Ware, Cups, Lids	6%	3.6%



Conclusions

2. Disposable Food Service Ware

- a) What other types of disposable food service ware items are littered?
 - <u>Food Service Ware</u> bowls, plates, cups, trays, boxes, clamshells, and other containers
 - Food Service Ware Accessories stirrers, cup spill plugs, cup sleeves, condiment packets, eating utensils (including chopsticks), cocktail sticks/picks, toothpicks, cardboard cartons, and other similar accessory or accompanying food service ware containers

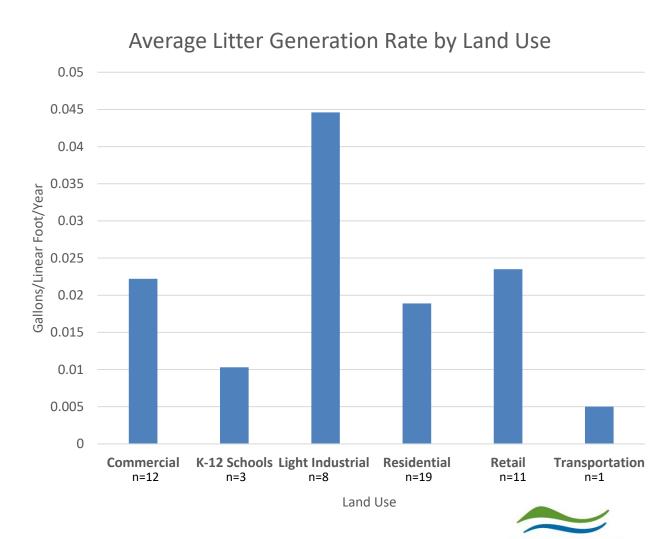




Conclusions

2. Disposable Food Service Ware

- a) What other types of disposable food service ware items are littered?
- b) What factors might affect the magnitude and/or extent of these littered items?



Prevention Program

Recommended Next Steps

- Finalization of Phase I Report
 - Draft for Review in early September 2022; Final late Sept

 Tracking New Disposable Food Service Ware Source Control Ordinances Implementation

- Planning for Litter Characterization Study Phase II
 - Post Implementation Evaluation



Special Thanks to the EOA Team!





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