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Description

This category includes the following types of facilities:

- Restaurants
- Food truck commissaries
- Institutional cafeterias
- Grocery stores, bakeries, and delicatessens
- Any facility requiring a health department permit for food preparation

Approach

Minimize exposure of outdoor cleaning and storage areas to rain and runoff by using cover and containment. In and around these areas, use good housekeeping measures to minimize the generation of pollutants. Make stormwater pollution prevention best management practices (BMPs) a part of standard operating procedures and the employee training program. Provide employee education materials in the first language of employees.

Pollutant Sources

- Cleaning of equipment
- Grease handling and disposal
- Spills
- Surface cleaning
- Cooling and refrigeration equipment maintenance
- Landscaping and grounds maintenance
- Dumpster and loading dock area
- Parking lots
- Illicit connections to storm drain system

Relevant Pollutants

- Organic materials (food wastes)
- Oil and grease
- Toxic chemicals in cleaning products, disinfectants, and pesticides



Source Control BMPs

The BMPs are listed in this table by activity or area.

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|--|-----|--|--|--|
| Dumpster and | | Store and transfer all solid and liquid wastes such as tallow in watertight, covered containers. | | |
| Loading Dock Areas | s | Keep litter from accumulating around loading docks by providing trash receptacles and encouraging employees to use them. | | |
| | | Bag and seal food waste before putting it in the dumpster. Do not place uncontained liquids or leaking containers or garbage bags into a dumpster. | | |
| | | Keep dumpster lids closed to keep out rainwater and to prevent trash from spilling out. | | |
| | | If the dumpster regularly overflows, get a larger one or arrange for more frequent collection. If the dumpster is shared with other tenants, speak with the property or lease manager about scheduling more frequent trash pickups or arranging for a larger dumpster. | | |
| | | Do not hose out dumpsters. Apply absorbent over any fluids spilled in the dumpster. Absorbent will usually be knocked out when the dumpster is emptied. | | |
| | | Have the dumpster leasing company repair or replace leaky dumpsters and compactors, and have them clean out dirty dumpsters. | | |
| | | Install a spill cleanup kit near the dumpster and loading dock areas. | | |
| | | Post employee reminder signs such as "Keep lid closed" near tallow bins and dumpsters. | | |
| | | Consider enclosing the dumpster in a roofed and bermed area to prevent exposure to rainwater and draining the area to the sanitary sewer. Contact the local wastewater treatment plant or the county environmental health department for guidance. | | |
| | | Keep dumpsters or the dumpster enclosure locked to prevent illegal dumping. | | |
| | | For more information on cleaning dumpster areas, see business guide sheet BG-61 Mobile Cleaning—Food Service Related in this series. | | |
| Equipment and | t 🗆 | Make sure all discharges from cooling equipment go to the sanitary sewer and not the street, gutter, or storm drain. | | |
| Outdoor Cleaning | | Clean floor mats, filters, and garbage cans in a mop sink, near a floor drain, or in a proper outside area connected to the sanitary sewer with an oil/water separator. Do not wash them in a parking lot, alley, or street or on a sidewalk. | | |
| | | Consider installing anti-slip floors when you remodel. | | |
| | | Consider cleaning filters in the dishwasher. Contact the local wastewater treatment plant or the county environmental health department for | | |

guidance.

| | Pour wash water into a janitorial or mop sink. Do not pour it out onto a parking lot, sidewalk, or street or into an alley. |
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| | For outdoor cleaning, have employees or contractors follow the instructions in the following business guide sheet in this series: |
| | ✓ BG-61 Mobile Cleaning—Food Service Related |
| | ✓ BG-62 Mobile Cleaning—Surface Cleaning |
| | For more information in general on cleaning floor mats, equipment, exhaust filters, and outdoor surfaces, see business guide BG-61 Mobile Cleaning—Food Service Related in this series. |
| Spill Cleanup | Prepare and post in the work area a spill cleanup plan that includes the following: |
| | ✓ Procedures for different types of spills |
| | ✓ Schedule for initial and annual training of employees |
| | ✓ Cleanup kits in well-marked, accessible areas |
| | ✓ Designation of a key employee who monitors cleanup |
| | |
| | If a spill occurs, immediately stop the spill at its source. |
| | Keep the spill from entering the street, gutter, or storm drain. |
| | Use dry methods for spill cleanup (e.g., sweeping, cat litter). Do not hose down spills. |
| | If wet cleaning (including high-temperature or high-pressure washing) is required, dry clean first and then mop (or if it is absolutely necessary, wash) and collect the water. Dispose of water in a sink or other indoor drain, not in the street, gutter, or storm drain. |
| | If a final rinse is necessary for health reasons, collect the rinse water and dispose of it in the sink or indoor floor drain. If outdoors, block the storm drain before applying water. Mop up or wet-vacuum water, and dispose of it in a sink or indoor drain. |
| | Do not use bleach or disinfectants if there is a possibility that rinse water could flow to a street, gutter, or storm drain. |
| | For more information on cleaning outdoor surfaces, see the business guide sheet BG-62 Mobile Cleaning—Surface Cleaning in this series. |
| Recycling and | Separate wastes. Keep your recyclable wastes in separate containers according to the type of material. They are easier to recycle if separated. |
| Disposal | Recycle the following materials: |
| | Food waste. Donate leftover, edible food to local food banks whenever possible. |
| | Note : Non-greasy, nonanimal food waste can be composted. |

| | ✓ Paper and cardboard |
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| | ✓ Container glass, aluminum, and tin |
| | ✓ Pallets and drums |
| | ☐ Dispose of toxic waste properly. Toxic waste includes used cleaners and rags soaked with solvents, floor cleaners, and detergents. |
| Grease Handling and Disposal | □ Never pour oil; grease; large quantities of oily liquids such as sauces or salad dressings; or waste grease down a sink, floor drain, or storm drain or into a dumpster. |
| | ☐ Install screens and solid traps in sink and floor drains to catch larger solids. Clean these screens and traps frequently. |
| | □ Do not try to "dissolve" grease by adding hot water or emulsifying chemicals. The grease will only be moved farther down the building's sewer line and make it harder to remove later. |
| | Recycle grease and oil. Do not pour it into sinks or floor drains, or onto a parking lot or street. See "renderers" in the phone book or call the local recycling or household hazardous waste information line. |
| | □ Use tallow bins or sealed containers with tamperproof lids. Keep the exterior of the containers clean. Check for leaks. Ask the recycler for leak-free tallow bins and replace any leaky grease containers. If grease is stored outside, keep it under a roof, if possible. |
| | □ Do not contaminate the recyclable oils and grease in the tallow bin with the waste grease from the grease trap or grease interceptor. |
| | ☐ Inspect and clean all waste grease removal devices—grease trap or grease interceptor—often enough to keep them functioning properly and efficiently. |
| | □ For disposal of waste grease from the grease trap or grease interceptor, see "grease traps" or "septic tanks" in the phone book. |
| Land- scaping and | □ Never dispose of leftover pesticides in the gutter, street, or storm drain. Leftover pesticides must be either used up or disposed of as hazardous waste. |
| Grounds Maintenan ce | □ Do not blow or rake leaves, grass, or garden clippings into the street, gutter, or storm drain. |
| | ☐ If pesticides are used, do not overapply or apply when rain is forecast. |
| | □ Do not use copper-based algaecides or biocides in pools or fountains. Control algae with chlorine or other alternatives to copper-based products. |
| | □ Never discharge pool, spa, or fountain water to gutters, storm drains or creeks. Contact your local sewer agency for discharge instructions. |

| Pest Control | Food Sources | | |
|-----------------|---|-----------|--|
| | Keep the kitchen free of food scraps. | | |
| | Take out garbage in a closed container each night. | | |
| | Refrigerate all food or store in pestproof containers each night | | |
| | Keep ventilation system working properly to keep greasy resid walls. | ue off | |
| | Appliances | | |
| | Keep dishwasher area clean. Check the trap nightly. | | |
| | Where possible, elevate appliances at least 6 inches off the floo | or. | |
| | Clean under appliances nightly. | | |
| | Steam clean or wash appliances weekly. | | |
| | Remember to clean under the counter, under the sink, and the refrigerator vent. | ; | |
| | rains and Trash Cans | | |
| | Steam clean or scrub floor drains with a brush to help eliminat flies. | te fruit | |
| | Keep dumpster area clean—inside and out. | | |
| | Wash garbage cans regularly. | | |
| | upplies and Entry Points | | |
| | Check for pests before bringing supplies into the kitchen. Roacorrugated boxes. | ches like | |
| | Do not store boxes in the kitchen. Take boxes away or store in refrigerated area. | a | |
| | Seal any gaps below doors. | | |
| | educe Habitat | | |
| | Inspect the entire establishment—inside and out. | | |
| | Suggest physical modifications that might help to eliminate perbehavior. | est | |
| | Suggest changes in food storage or cleanup practices to elimin sources for pests. | ate food | |
| | Place boric acid powder in wall voids. | | |
| | Seal cracks and crevices. | | |
| | onitor for Pests | | |
| | Use sticky traps to monitor how well the pest control program working. Pests caught in the traps warn of a possible problem | | |

| | □ When hiring a pest control service, look for a company that provides integrated pest management services. |
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| | Use Baits First |
| | □ Use baits to control pests. Remove bait when pests are gone as the bait might attract more pests. |
| | □ Use chemicals only as a last resort. If absolutely necessary, choose chemical that have a low toxicity and ask the pest service to provide label information. |
| | □ Apply pesticides only if necessary, not on a regular schedule. Follow label directions. Do not apply pesticides around floor drains, sinks, or food. |
| | Purchasing |
| | □ Use non-disposable products. Serve food on ceramic dishware rather than on paper, plastic, or Styrofoam and use cloth napkins rather than paper ones. If you must use disposable products, use paper instead of Styrofoam. |
| | □ Buy the least toxic products available: |
| | ✓ Look for "nontoxic," "nonpetroleum-based," "free of ammonia, phosphates, dye, or perfume," or "readily biodegradable" on the label. Do not assume biodegradable products are safe. "Biodegradable" means the product will eventually break down, but it might harm the environment in the meantime. |
| | ✓ Avoid chlorinated compounds, petroleum distillates, phenols, formaldehyde, and caustic and acidic products. |
| | ✓ Use water-based products. |
| | ✓ Look for and purchase "recycled" and "recyclable" containers. By doing this, you help ensure a use for the recycled materials produced from the items people collect and recycle. |
| Education and | □ Employees can help prevent pollution when urban runoff training is included in employee orientations and reviews. |
| Training | ☐ Train all employees upon hiring and annually thereafter. |
| | ☐ Use a training log to document employee training. |
| | □ Post information about or labels for BMPs where employees and customers can see them. |
| | □ Remember the facility is liable for the behavior of contractors. Be sure all contractors hired to clean inside or outside are aware of and implement these BMPs. |

☐ Explain BMPs to other food businesses through your business associations or chambers of commerce.

Treatment Control BMPs

If treatment controls are installed at the facility, see section 4 of this Handbook for information on inspecting and maintaining the BMPs.

For information on designing treatment controls, see section 5 of the *Development and Redevelopment Planning Handbook*.

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